3.0 BOARD OF TRUSTEES POLICY

. . .

This chapter concerns the academic status of tenure-track and tenured faculty. In the normal typical case, a faculty career begins with appointment as a tenure-track assistant professor with a probationary for a period of up to six years. The probationary faculty member will apply for tenure during the sixth year, and if tenure is not granted, the faculty member will be permitted to serve a seventh year as a terminal year. during which the faculty member is evaluated for tenure and promotion to associate professor Faculty may apply for early consideration for tenure, may have their probationary period extended, or may petition for a suspension of one or more years of the probationary period, to extend the tenure review period beyond six years for reasons related to the faculty member's care giving responsibilities as described in the pertinent sections of this chapter of the handbook, below; in 6.4.2, Chapter 6.41 and the *Knoxville Faculty and Family Care Policy*. Requests for extensions should be made prior to the final year of review. Tenured associate professors may be promoted to full professor after at least five years at the rank of associate. All faculty members are expected to achieve a sufficient level of accomplishment in teaching, research / scholarship / creative activity, and service to merit promotion to full professor. Throughout this career path, all faculty members have annual reviews and appropriate reviews for promotion and tenure.

3.8 Faculty Review and Evaluation

• • •

3.8.4 Periodic Post-Tenure Performance Review for Tenured Faculty Members (PPPR)

As required by the Board of Trustees Policies Governing Academic Freedom, Responsibility and Tenure, every tenured faculty member will receive a comprehensive performance review no less often than every six years. The procedures for this periodic review are set forth as an appendix to this handbook.

3.8.4 3.8.5 Cumulative Enhanced Post-Tenure Performance Review for Tenured Faculty Members

3.11 Tenure

. . .

3.11.1 Definition of Tenure

Tenure is a principle that entitles a faculty member to continuation of his or her annual appointment until relinquishment or forfeiture of tenure or until termination of tenure for adequate cause, financial exigency, or academic program discontinuance. The burden of proof that tenure should be awarded rests with the faculty member. Tenure at the University of Tennessee, Knoxville, is acquired only by positive action of the Board of Trustees or by the President, as delegated by the Board, and is awarded in a particular department, school, college, or other academic unit. The award of tenure shifts the burden of

proof concerning the faculty member's continuing appointment from the faculty member to the university.

3.11.2 Eligibility for Tenure Consideration

Eligibility for tenure consideration shall will be subject to the following minimum standards:

. . .

No faculty member shall will be appointed initially with tenure except by positive action of the Board of Trustees upon the recommendation of the president and after review by the tenured faculty and department head, dean, and chief academic officer.

3.11.3 Probationary Period

3.11.3.1 Length of the Probationary Period

A tenure-track faculty member must serve a probationary period prior to being considered for tenure. The probationary period at the University of Tennessee, Knoxville, shall be no less than one and no more than seven academic years; however, for good cause, the president, upon the recommendation of the chancellor, may approve a probationary period of less than one academic year. If a faculty member has served in a tenure-track appointment at another institution, his or her total probationary service may extend beyond seven years. (For example, a person who has served five years elsewhere may be given a four-year probationary period at UTK. Except as provided below with respect to extensions for good cause, the probationary period at UTK will not exceed seven years.) The original appointment letter shall state the length of the faculty member's probationary period and the academic year in which he or she must be considered for tenure if he or she has met the minimum eligibility requirements for consideration. The stipulation in the original appointment letter of the length of the probationary period and the year of mandatory tenure consideration does not guarantee retention until that time.

Except as otherwise provided in Board policy, the probationary period will be six years. The faculty member will apply for tenure during the sixth year, and if tenure is not granted, the faculty member will be permitted to serve a seventh year as a terminal year. If a faculty member begins employment after July 1 and before January 1, the remaining term of the faculty member's initial appointment will count as the first year of the probationary period, so that what is treated as the first year of a faculty member's probationary period will not be shorter than six months. The provision of a probationary period and any statement in an appointment letter or otherwise regarding the probationary period and the year of mandatory tenure consideration do not guarantee retention of the faculty member for the full probationary period.

A faculty member may request an early consideration for tenure before the sixth year of his or her probationary period but no sooner than the next regular tenure cycle after completion of the first year of the probationary period. The request for early consideration is initiated in the department that will be the locus of tenure, if tenure is granted, after discussion with the department head. If the department head approves, the head will write a memo to the dean, justifying the request and asking for approval. Upon review of the request, the dean will indicate approval or disapproval in a letter to the chief academic officer. For colleges without departments, the request begins with the dean. The chief academic officer will review the request and make the final determination whether early consideration is warranted, based on a review of the applicant's credentials and all applicable criteria. If the chief academic officer denies the request, the faculty member cannot apply for early consideration. The decision of the chief academic officer is final and not appealable to the chancellor.

A faculty member whose application for early consideration is denied will be permitted to reapply one additional time. If the initial application is submitted before the fifth year of the probationary period, the applicant cannot reapply until one full academic year after the unsuccessful attempt. If the initial application is submitted in the fifth year, the reapplication must be submitted at the beginning of the sixth year of the probationary period. New external letters of assessment are required for a reapplication. If tenure is not granted upon reapplication, the faculty member will be permitted to serve one year after the reapplication is denied as a terminal year.

3.11.3.2 Suspension of Probationary Period

The chief academic officer shall will decide whether the probationary period will be suspended when the following circumstances occur:

. . .

In general, the chief academic officer will not approve suspension for work that advances the faculty member's record in teaching, research, or service. Probationary faculty should not be encouraged to engage in administrative work. The chief academic officer shall will give the faculty member written notice of the decision concerning suspension of the probationary period.

3.11.3.3 Notice of Non-renewal

Notice that a tenure-track faculty member's appointment will not be renewed for the next year shall will be made in writing by the chief academic officer, upon the recommendation of the department head and dean, according to the following schedule:

. . .

These notice requirements relate only to service in a probationary period with the University of Tennessee, Knoxville, the University of Tennessee Institute of Agriculture, and the University of Tennessee Space Institute. Credit for prior service with another campus or institution shall will not be considered in determining the required notice. Notice of non-renewal shall will be effective upon personal delivery or upon mailing, postage prepaid, to the faculty member's residential address of record at the university.

3.11.3.4 Annual Retention Review

An annual retention review of tenure-track faculty is conducted by the department head in consultation with the tenured faculty during the fall semester (and at The University of Tennessee, Knoxville and the University of Tennessee Space Institute, coincident with the annual performance and planning review process described in Section 3.8.1). The regular and thorough assessment of tenure-track faculty is an important step in the professional development of those faculty members. The annual retention review process is designed to ensure that a tenure-track faculty member receives clear and timely feedback from the tenured faculty and the department head about his or her contribution to the department, development, and prospects for advancement. Accordingly, the tenured faculty plays an important role in the retention process and is responsible for providing the faculty member's ability to sustain a level of activity that comports with the department's expectations for faculty members at the rank of the faculty member under review and (b) the faculty member's progress toward promotion and tenure in the context of the *Faculty Handbook*, the *Manual for Faculty Evaluation*, his or her appointment, and departmental

bylaws. More information about annual retention reviews and procedures for annual retention reviews is contained in the *Manual for Faculty Evaluation*.

a. Departmental Procedures for the Retention Review

(1). Schedule: Each tenure-track faculty member will first be reviewed in the fall of his or her second year of appointment and in each subsequent year of the probationary period leading up to (but not including) the year of tenure consideration. Each tenure-track faculty member will undergo an Enhanced Tenure-Track review (ETTR) in the academic year following the midpoint in his or her probationary period (typically, the faculty member's fourth year of employment), as stipulated in section 3.11.3.5, below. Departmental bylaws shall provide for specific criteria for annual retention reviews of faculty, consistent with the standards and procedures set forth in this Section 3.11.3.4 and the *Manual for Faculty Evaluation* and any criteria established by the department's college.

(2). Mentor: Working with the probationary faculty member, the department head assigns a faculty mentor or a mentoring committee for each tenure-track faculty member. The mentor should be a senior member of the same department or another unit, who can serve as a model and as a source of information for the tenure-track faculty member. Department heads should not serve as mentors for faculty within their own departments. The mentor or mentoring committee may participate in the annual retention review in a manner to be determined in collegiate and/or departmental bylaws.

(3). Preparation for Retention Review: Except in the year of the ETTR, the faculty member prepares and submits to the department head (for distribution to the tenured faculty) a written summary of his or her accomplishments in teaching, research / scholarship / creative activity, and service for the previous academic year in accordance with departmental bylaws. The department head requests this summary in writing from each tenure-track faculty member on behalf of the tenured faculty at least two weeks before it is needed for the review. The Faculty Activity Report submitted to the department head for the APPR may serve as the summary required under this paragraph. Faculty members may be required or permitted to submit other materials in accordance with collegiate and/or departmental bylaws. The department head will make the materials prepared and submitted in accordance with this paragraph 3.11.3.4a(3) available to the tenured faculty in advance of the meeting on retention.

(4). Review by the tenured faculty. The tenured faculty will review the summary submitted by the faculty member and solicit input from the faculty member's mentor or mentoring committee. The tenured faculty then will construct a narrative in accord with 3.11.3.4a(3), above. The review and narrative should specifically address (among other things) the faculty member's establishment and development of teaching methods and tools, program of disciplinary research / scholarship / creative activity, and record of institutional, disciplinary, and professional service, as well as progress toward promotion (where applicable) and tenure. The tenured faculty's review and narrative will rely on and include documented and substantiated information available to the tenured faculty at the time of the review and will not be based on rumor or speculation.

(5). The vote of the tenured faculty. The tenured faculty will take a formal anonymous retention vote and will write a report to the department head that will contain the tally of the anonymous vote; a list of the participating tenured faculty members; suggestions for enhancing the faculty member's progress toward the grant of tenure; and the majority and minority report, if applicable. In the years before any enhanced retention review, this vote will focus primarily (but not exclusively) on the tenure-track faculty member's ability to sustain a level of teaching, research / scholarship / creative activity, and service that comports with the unit's expectations for faculty members at the rank of the faculty member is subject to ETTR, the tenured faculty's vote will focus primarily (and increasingly, in succeeding years) on the tenure-track faculty member's ability to member's ability to meet the requirements for tenure in the department, college, campus, and University. The tenured faculty will share the report with the faculty member and the department head.

(6). The department head's review. The department head conducts an independent retention review based upon the faculty member's written summary, the written narrative and vote of the tenured faculty, and a scheduled meeting with the faculty member. In conducting his or her independent retention review, the department head also may have other consultations with the tenured faculty as needed.

(a) If the retention decision is positive, the department head will convey the outcome to the faculty member in writing and in a timely manner. The department head will also advise the faculty member as to the time remaining in the probationary period and as to how the quality of his or her performance is likely to be assessed by the tenured faculty and the head in the context of tenure consideration. The department head will ensure that the written report includes express guidance to the faculty member on ways to improve performance.

(b) If the retention review results in a recommendation by the department head not to retain the tenure-track faculty member, the department head includes in the report specific reasons for that decision.

(7). Dissemination of the Retention Review Report. The department head will provide to the faculty member a copy of the finalized Retention Review Report, including the department head's retention report and recommendation. The department head will furnish to the tenured faculty a copy of the department head's retention report and recommendation.

(8). Dissenting statements. Any member of the tenured faculty may submit a dissenting statement to the department head. A copy of the dissenting statement will be furnished to the faculty member under review. The dissenting statement will be attached to the Retention Review Report.

(9). Faculty member's review and response to the Retention Review Report. The faculty member reviews the Retention Review Report. The faculty member's signature indicates that she or he has read the entire evaluation, but the signature

does not necessarily imply agreement with its findings. The faculty member under review has the right to submit a written response to the vote and narrative of the tenured faculty, to the report and recommendation of the department head, and/or to any dissenting statements. The faculty member will be allowed 14 calendar days from the date of receipt from the head of the finalized Retention Review Report and its complete set of attachments to submit any written response. If no response is received after 14 calendar days of the date of receipt, the faculty member relinquishes the right to respond. For good cause, and upon approval by the chief academic officer, the response time may be extended once for an additional 14 days.

b. Dean's Review of the Retention Review Report

(1) The dean's review and recommendation. The dean makes an independent review and recommendation on retention after reviewing the Retention Review Report. The dean will prepare a statement summarizing his or her recommendation when it differs from that of the department head or tenured faculty or stating any other concerns the dean might wish to record, as appropriate.

(2) Transmission of the dean's recommendation and statement. The dean will indicate his or her recommendation for retention or non-retention on the Retention Review Report, attach his or her statement, if any, and forward the Retention Review Report with its complete set of attachments to the chief academic officer. The dean will send a copy of his or her recommendation and statement, if any, to the department head and the faculty member.

(3) Faculty member's and department head's right to respond. The faculty member and / or the department head have the right to submit to the chief academic officer a written response to the dean's retention recommendation or any accompanying statement. Any response by the faculty member should be copied to the dean and the department head. Similarly, any response by the department head should be copied to the dean and the faculty member. The faculty member and the department head will be allowed 14 calendar days from the date of receipt of the dean's recommendation to submit any written response. If no response is received after 14 calendar days from the date of receipt, the faculty member or department head, as applicable, relinquishes the right to respond.

c. Chief Academic Officer's Review of Recommendations for Retention

(1) The chief academic officer's review. The chief academic officer will review the retention recommendation, make the final decision on retention, and indicate his or her decision on retention on the Retention Review Report. The chief academic officer sends a copy of the fully executed Retention Review Report to the faculty member with copies to the dean and department head.

(2) Notification in cases of non-retention. If the chief academic officer decides that the faculty member will not be retained, he or she will give the faculty member written notice of non-renewal in accordance with the notice requirements described in Section 3.11.3.3 above. The faculty member is

entitled to a statement in writing of the reasons for the non-renewal decision. This statement, together with any subsequent correspondence concerning the reasons, is a part of the official record.

3.11.3.5 Enhanced Tenure-Track Review (ETTR)

For each tenure-track faculty member, the department and department head will conduct an enhanced review to assess and inform the faculty member of his or her progress toward the grant of tenure during the third or fourth year of the probationary period (with the year to be determined in the department head's sole discretion).

For the ETTR, the faculty member will, with the guidance and counsel of the department head, prepare and submit to the department head (for distribution to the tenured faculty) a file on her or his cumulative performance, reflecting her or his degree of progress in satisfying the requirements for tenure in teaching, research / scholarship / creative activity, and service. The file (which will be prepared by the faculty member as a preliminary draft of the faculty member's file in support of a tenure dossier) will contain: the faculty member's Faculty Activity Reports for each previous APPR, computer-tabulated teaching evaluations, and annual retention reports compiled during the faculty member's probationary period; copies of research / scholarship / creative activity published or otherwise completed during the probationary period; teaching materials; evidence of research / scholarship / creative activity work in progress; a statement prepared by the faculty member describing other research / scholarship / creative activity in progress but not included in the file; a summary of service to the department, college, University, and other relevant constituencies; and any other materials that the department head requests or the faculty member desires to make available to the tenured faculty.

The tenured departmental faculty will confer regarding the faculty member's performance and will then write a report to the department head that will contain a list of the participating tenured faculty members; suggestions for enhancing the faculty member's progress toward the grant of tenure; the majority and minority report, if applicable; and the summary anonymous vote on whether the faculty member is progressing satisfactorily toward the grant of tenure. The department head will present and discuss the tenured faculty's report, as well as his or her own written assessment, with the faculty member. Copies of the ETTR documents will be given to the faculty member. A favorable ETTR does not commit the tenured departmental faculty, the department, or the college to a subsequent recommendation for the grant of tenure.

3.11.3.6 Right to Appeal

The faculty member may appeal the outcome of the retention review or the ETTR under the general appeals procedures outlined in Chapter 5 of the *Faculty Handbook*. According to Board Policies Governing Academic Freedom, Responsibility, and Tenure, the final decision on an appeal of the outcome of a retention review or ETTR lies with the chancellor and is not appealable to the president.

3.11.4 Criteria for Tenure

. . .

An academic unit may also establish more specific criteria for tenure in that unit. After approval by the dean and campus chief academic officer, these criteria for tenure shall will be published in the bylaws of

the academic unit. The tenure criteria for a department shall will include and be consistent with the criteria stated in this policy and any criteria established by the department's college and campus.

3.11.5 Procedures for Consideration and Grant of Tenure

. . .

The vote of the tenured faculty is advisory to the department head. After making an independent judgment on the tenure candidacy, the head shall will submit his or her recommendation simultaneously to the dean and to the tenure candidate with a written summary of his or her judgment. If the head's recommendation differs from the recommendation of the tenured faculty, the summary must explain the reasons for the differing judgment, and the head must provide a copy of the summary to the tenured faculty. Tenured faculty, individually or collectively, may forward a report supporting or opposing the granting of tenure to the next level of administration.

3.11.6 Location of Tenure

. . .

If a tenured faculty member voluntarily transfers from one University of Tennessee campus to another, his or her tenure status is not transferred. However, a review by the responsible administrators in consultation with the tenured faculty of the receiving department may result in an immediate recommendation to the Board of Trustees that tenure at the new campus be granted to the transferred individual; on the other hand, a new probationary period in the receiving unit may be established. There shall will be no involuntary transfer of faculty members between campuses.